June 30, 2019

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
Introductory Section	i
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
EXHIBITS	
Financial Statements	9
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
I. Statement of Net Position	10
II. Statement of Activities	11
Governmental Funds Financial Statements	
III. Combined Balance Sheet	12
IV. Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	13
Notes to Financial Statements	14
Required Supplementary Information Other Than Management's Discussion and Analysis	39
Budgetary Comparison Schedule	
V. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	40
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Covernment Auditing Standards	42.



INSPIRING LIFELONG LEARNING FOR EVERYONE IN OUR COMMUNITY

Proudly serving Fredericksburg, Stafford, Spotsylvania, and Westmoreland

December 2019

The fiscal year 2019 was one of tremendous growth and change for Central Rappahannock Regional Library (CRRL). In August, CRRL opened two unique and innovative branches allowing us to better serve the more than 300,000 residents of the City of Fredericksburg, and Spotsylvania, Stafford, and Westmoreland Counties. The Spotsylvania Towne Centre Branch opened in a 2,100 square foot vacant storefront in the local mall in Spotsylvania County. This is the first library of its kind in the region and the reception in the community has been overwhelmingly positive. The second new location is a Joint Use Branch in partnership with Germanna Community College at the Barbara J. Fried Center in Stafford County. Germanna and CRRL work together to maximize the hours that library service is available for students and the public. With the opening of these two additional locations, the system has grown from eight to ten branches.

CRRL also opened a second satellite location in rural Spotsylvania County in partnership with the Partlow Ruritan Club. One night a week, CRRL provides free wifi, computers, printing, children's activities, and other library services to an area of the community where internet access is severely limited.

Fredericksburg Branch customers are enjoying the additional access that the expanded parking lot provides, and circulation of materials at that location has increased by almost 27%. The major renovations of the Fredericksburg Branch 3rd floor were completed just in time for the FY20 renovation of the theater, opening of study rooms, installation of new shelving, and moving of collections. Some of the carpeting at the Salem Church Branch was replaced with more durable flooring, and at the Snow Branch, a little-used room was converted into the branch's first quiet study room. A server was moved into a storage room allowing for a larger MakerLab and the creation of two study rooms at the Porter Branch.

Local community groups, nonprofits, and businesses depend on our meeting and study rooms so expansion of these areas are welcome additions. In FY 2019 over 24,000 groups and 194,000 people attended meetings, classes and special events in our libraries. CRRL actively seeks out new customers in the community and we reached another 20,500 people at 216 different community events. Last year, more than 1.3 million customers visited branches, over 2.6 million visited the library's website, and mobile users used the app and accessed library resources nearly 1.5 million times (an increase of nearly 19%). Library customers borrowed over 4.1 million books, movies, magazine articles, and audio with usage of eMaterials up by 48%.

Our new website has a fresh, bold look with large main images front and center that introduce the many opportunities CRRL offers for lifelong learning, providing links where customers can register themselves for events that require signup. The new website also requires less staff time to update and maintain. CRRL responded to customer requests for self-service and the ability to pay for lost items and fees with a credit card. Each of our ten branches now offer customers the option to use an Express Checkout machine or receive personal attention from a staff member.

FY19 also saw a major policy change when the Library Board of Trustees voted to institute a new leave and employee payout system. While leave accruals are reduced, CRRL still offers an extremely generous leave policy that was fully implemented in January 2019. Employee payouts for resignations and retirements won't be fully implemented until FY21 at which time our liability is expected to be greatly reduced. While CRRL has always provided quarterly training for all staff, in FY19 CRRL hosted its first training for everyone working in a management position. Presented by a professional leadership coach, this specialized training was highly successful and will become an annual event.

CRRL staff, programs, and initiatives received ten awards and five grants in FY19. One of those grants was received from the Fredericksburg Economic Development Authority to lease space for a dedicated, digital media and maker lab in the City's new Maker District. This new IdeaSpace will open in spring 2020. Along with continued renovations at Fredericksburg, FY20 promises to be another exciting year!

Robert T. Bishop, CPA Elaine F. Farmer, CPA

Harry B. F. Franklin, Jr., CPA Harry D. Dickinson, Ph.D., CPA



Members 1
American Institute of
Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Members of the Board of Trustees Central Rappahannock Regional Library Fredericksburg, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Central Rappahannock Regional Library, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Central Rappahannock Regional Library's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatements of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Central Rappahannock Regional Library, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3 through 8 and page 40 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 30, 2020, on our consideration of the Central Rappahannock Regional Library's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Central Rappahannock Regional Library's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Certified Public Accountants

Fredericksburg, Virginia January 30, 2020

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

The Management Discussion & Analysis (MD&A) offers the readers of the Central Rappahannock Regional Library's financial statements a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of CRRL for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

June 30, 2019

- *The CRRL's net position remained relatively stable during FY 2019.
- *The CRRL's assets exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$3,399,001.
- *The CRRL's total net position increased this fiscal year by \$375,836 primarily due to a decrease in the net pension liability.
- *The CRRL's capital assets (net accumulated depreciation) increased this fiscal year by \$50,025 to end the year with a value of \$3,173,461. This slight increase in value occurred because of an increase in leasehold improvements and the purchase of two vehicles in FY19. In future years we expect to see a decrease in the value of capital assets as CRRL's purchasing habits for collection materials have changed, with greater spending on e-materials which are not capitalized assets.
- *At the close of FY 2019, the CRRL's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$2,917,691, a decrease of \$87,310 in comparison with the prior year.
- *At the end of FY 2019, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$2,141,700 or 16.7% of total General Fund expenditure for the fiscal year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The MD&A is intended to serve as an introduction to the CRRL's basic financial statements. CRRL's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) Government (library)-wide financial statements, 2) Fund financial statements, and 3) Notes to the financial statements. CRRL's financial statements present two kinds of statements, each with a different snapshot of CRRL's finances. The focus is on both CRRL as a whole (library-wide) and the fund financial statements (General Fund). The Library-wide statements provide both short-term and long-term information about CRRL's overall financial status. The fund financial statements focus on individual parts of CRRL, reporting CRRL's operations in more detail than the library-wide statements. Both perspectives (library-wide and fund) along with supplemental information will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of CRRL.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT (LIBRARY)-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Library-wide financial statements report information about CRRL as a whole. The governmental funds for CRRL include the General Fund, the Information Access Fund, and the other governmental funds. One of the most important questions asked about CRRL's finances is "Is the library as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of

Activities, which are library-wide statements, report information about library finances as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. These statements combine and consolidate short-term, spendable resources with capital assets and long-term obligations. CRRL's total assets at the close of the fiscal year were \$6,561,634. Of this amount, \$3,173,461 were investments in capital assets. CRRL's total liabilities were \$3,162,633. Of this amount, \$947,670 was due in less than one year, \$342,042 was long-term debt, \$1,051,251 was net pension liability, and \$351,188 was net Other Post-Employment Benefits liability. The investments in capital assets were \$3,173,461. There were no permanently restricted assets. Unrestricted assets totaled \$225,540. CRRL experienced an increase in net position of \$375,836 over FY 2018 and the CRRL closed the fiscal year with a net position of \$3,399,001. Program revenues totaling \$12,889,181 were received from the City of Fredericksburg (\$1,358,419) and the Counties of Spotsylvania (\$4,854,006) Stafford (\$5,311,869) and Westmoreland (\$437,504), from the Commonwealth of Virginia (\$657,955) grants-in-aid to public libraries, and from various donations and grants (\$269,428). Revenues received from fines, investments and other contributions totaled \$149,774. Total governmental revenues for FY 2019 were \$13,038,955. Total governmental expenditures were \$12,663,119. This was a change in net position of \$375,836 resulting in total net position of \$3,399,001.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Fund Financial Statements provide a more detailed look at CRRL's most significant activities. All of CRRL's basic services are accounted for in the General Fund. The General Fund focus is on 1) cash and other financial resources that can be readily converted to cash flow in and out, and 2) balances left at year-end that are available for spending. The General Fund statements provide a view of CRRL's finances that helps the reader determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance library programs. CRRL adopts an annual budget for its General Fund. These appropriations are requested by CRRL according to a formula specified in the contract between the participating jurisdictions (Fredericksburg, Spotsylvania, Stafford, and Westmoreland). The revenues received from these jurisdictions for FY 2019 totaled \$11,822,935. Additionally, CRRL received a grant-in-aid from the Commonwealth of Virginia totaling \$657,955 and \$325,667 from contributions, investments, and miscellaneous income. Total revenues were \$12,806,557. General Fund FY 2019 expenses totaled \$12,805,006. This was an excess of revenue over expenses of \$1,551, resulting in an ending fund balance in the amount of \$2,598,065, of which \$2,141,700 is unassigned.

NOTES

The notes provide additional information that helps with the understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the CRRL's financial statements show that CRRL is in compliance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The notes are presented in compliance with the GASB 34 model. The audit includes the MD&A, library-wide financial statement, statement of net position, and statement of activities focusing on CRRL's function.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION The following table reflects condensed information on CRRL's net position:

SUMMARY OF STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

	2018 Governmental Activities	2019 <u>Governmental Activities</u>
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 3,383,287 3,123,436	\$ 3,388,173 3,173,461
Total assets	\$ <u>6,506,723</u>	\$ <u>6,561,634</u>
Current and other liabilities Long-term liabilities	\$ 1,072,436 2,078,122	\$ 1,418,152 1,744,481
Total liabilities	\$ <u>3,150,558</u>	\$ <u>3,162,633</u>
Investments in capital assets Restricted net position Unrestricted net position	\$ 3,123,436 0 <u>232,729</u>	\$ 3,173,461 0 <u>225,540</u>
Total net position	\$ <u>3,356,165</u>	\$ <u>3,399,001</u>

SUMMARY OF STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

	2018 Governmental Activities	2019 Governmental Activities
Revenues Local governments, State Aid, and other	\$ <u>12,758,802</u>	\$ <u>13,038,955</u>
Total revenues	\$ <u>12,758,802</u>	\$ <u>13,038,955</u>
Expenditures Education, cultural, and recreation	\$ <u>11,287,775</u>	\$ <u>12,663,119</u>
Total expenditures	\$ <u>11,287,775</u>	\$ <u>12,663,119</u>
Increase (decrease) in net position Net position, beginning of year	\$ 1,471,027 1,885,138	\$ 375,836 <u>3,023,165</u>
Net position, end of year	\$ <u>3,356,165</u>	\$ <u>3,399,001</u>

GENERAL FUND BUDGET

For the year ended June 30, 2019, total revenue for the General Fund was \$12,806,557 compared with the year ended June 30, 2018 revenue, which was \$12,553,202. Operating contributions are the largest component of revenue. Local government contributions are the largest single source of operating contributions, \$11,822,935 for the year ended June 30, 2019 (approximately 92.3% of the total program revenues), and \$11,347,898 for the year ended June 30, 2018 (approximately 90.4% of the total program revenues). For the year ended June 30, 2019, the remaining contribution was \$657,955 (5.1%) for state aid and \$325,677 (2.6%) for other contributions. Total expenditure for the General Fund for the year ended June 30, 2019, was \$12,805,006 representing an excess of revenues over expenditures of \$1,551 as compared to total expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2018, which was \$12,328,191 representing an excess of revenues over expenditures of revenues over expenditures of \$225,011.

CRRL's net position reflects its investments in capital assets (vehicles, furniture, fixtures, equipment, and materials). CRRL uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

Personnel-related expenses of \$10,067,822 for the year ended June 30, 2019, and \$9,821,680 for the year ended June 30, 2018, were the largest expense for library services. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the second largest expense for library services was books, periodicals, and other related materials, \$989,832 as compared to \$936,797 for the year ended June 30, 2018. Other operating expenditures for the delivery of library services totaled \$1,747,352 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, as compared to \$1,569,714 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

The total fund balance in the General Fund at year end June 30, 2019, was \$2,598,065 (20% of total expenditures), compared with \$2,596,514 (21% of total expenditures) at year end June 30, 2018. The budget for the General Fund for the year ended June 30, 2019 was amended to reflect a budget transfer from Equipment Contracts in the amount of (\$35,000) to Furniture and Equipment (\$30,000) and Memberships (\$5,000).

INFORMATION ACCESS FUND

Fund balance for the Information Access Fund at the beginning of FY 2019 was \$127,775. Total revenue for FY 2019 was \$84,873, as compared to \$88,314 for FY 2018. Expenditures for FY 2019 were \$221,931 as compared with \$216,564 for FY 2018. The fund balance for this fund was \$(9,283) as of June 30, 2019, as compared to \$127,775 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

OTHER GOVERNMENTAL

At year end June 30, 2019, the CRRL had revenues of \$147,525 for all other funds, including law and vehicle, as compared to \$117,286 for the year ended June 30, 2018. Total expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2019, were \$99,328, as compared to \$86,288 for the year ended June 30, 2018; and there was an excess of revenue over expenditures of \$48,197 for the year ended June 30, 2019, as compared to a revenue excess of \$30,998 for the year ended June 30, 2018. The beginning fund balance for FY 2019 was \$280,712, as compared with \$249,714 for FY 2018. The ending fund balance for the year ended June 30, 2019 was \$328,909, as compared to the ending fund balance of \$280,712 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

CRRL investments in capital assets as of June 30, 2019, total \$3,173,461, as compared with \$3,123,436 for the year ended June 30, 2018. The primary components of the assets are the collections, computers, furniture, and vehicles.

CAPITAL ASSETS As of June 30, 2019

	Balance July 1, 2018	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2019
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Collections	\$ 8,377,924	\$ 576,882	\$ 1,155,911	\$ 7,798,895
Computers	584,918	167,321	208,040	544,199
Furniture	150,641	0	60,535	90,106
Vehicles	184,613	64,330	0	248,943
Leasehold Improvements	43,500	23,412	0	66,912
Total capital assets, being depreciated	\$ <u>9,341,596</u>	\$ <u>831,945</u>	\$ <u>1,424,486</u>	\$ <u>8,749,055</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Collections	\$ 5,397,269	\$ 717,673	\$ 1,155,911	\$ 4,959,031
Computers	546,313	30,601	208,040	368,874
Furniture and other equipment	114,630	10,881	58,888	66,623
Vehicles	159,948	20,003	0	179,951
Leasehold Improvements	0	1,115	0	<u>1,115</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ <u>6,218,160</u>	\$ <u>780,273</u>	\$ <u>1,422,839</u>	\$ <u>5,575,594</u>
Total capital assets, net government activities	\$ <u>3,123,436</u>	\$ <u>51,672</u>	\$ <u>1,647</u>	\$ <u>3,173,461</u>

LONG-TERM DEBT

CRRL's long-term debt includes compensated absences. The total for the year ended June 30, 2019, was \$1,289,712 of which \$947,670 was due within one year. This compares with a total of \$1,202,098, for the year ended June 30, 2018, of which \$694,150 was due within one year.

LONG-TERM DEBT As of June 30, 2019

	Balance July 1, 2018	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2019	Due within one year
Compensated absences	\$ <u>1,202,098</u>	\$ <u>1,063,711</u>	\$ <u>976.097</u>	\$ <u>1,289,712</u>	\$ <u>947,670</u>

Also, CRRL's net pension liability (NPL) and net Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) liability are considered long-term debt. This year, as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 68 and Statement 75 respectively, the NPL in the amount of \$1,051,251 and the OPEB in the amount of \$351,188 were reflected in the Statement of Net Position as non-current liabilities. The NPL and OPEB are calculated based upon actuarial information as of June 30, 2018, the measurement date.

Budget highlights for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020

The CRRL's fiscal year 2020 budget is \$12,906,394. This is an increase in local funding of 3% and an increase in state aid of 5.5%.

Economic factors in 2019-20 budget

This year's budget request addresses the top priorities for CRRL, increasing the materials budget and staff salaries, as well as expanding services.

The goals for this year are to maintain the fund balance at 15% of annual expenditures, offer more competitive salaries, and achieve the Library of Virginia's Collections Level EEE state standards, the highest, most comprehensive level.

State aid to public libraries is contingent on the Library's local funding levels remaining at or above the current year's level. Local support, number of jurisdictions served, population, and the number of square miles encompassed by the service region comprise the funding formula. The CRRL receives the largest state aid grant awarded in the Commonwealth. State aid funding remained relatively level for FY2019 as compared to FY2018. However, despite some bright spots in state revenues, it is always challenging to predict future funding levels.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CENTRAL RAPPAHANNOCK REGIONAL LIBRARY

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2019

Exhibit I

ASSETS		
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 2,961,659	
Receivables	192,774	
Prepaid expenses	233,740	
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	3,173,461	
Total Assets	\$ 6,561,634	
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued expenditures	\$ 446,982	
Deferred revenue	23,500	
Noncurrent liabilities		
Compensated absences - due in less than one year	947,670	
Compensated absences - due in more than one year	342,042	
Net pension liability	1,051,251	
Net OPEB liability	351,188	
Total Liabilities	\$ _3,162,633	
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 3,173,461	
Unrestricted	225,540	
Total Net Position	\$3,399,001	

CENTRAL RAPPAHANNOCK REGIONAL LIBRARY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2019

Exhibit II

			Program Reven	ues	Rev Cha	(Expense) venue & anges in Position
Functions/Programs	<u>Expenses</u>	Charges for Services	Operating Grants & Contributions	Capital Grants & Contributions		ernmental etivities
Governmental activities Education, culture, and recreation	\$ <u>12,663,119</u> \$,	\$ <u>12,889,181</u>	\$	\$_	226,062
Total	\$ <u>12,663,119</u> \$	-	\$ 12,889,181	\$	\$.	226,062
	General revenues:					
	Fines				\$	85,654
	Interest and inve	stment earn	ings			50,935
	Other		Ü			13,185
	Total general	revenues			\$	149,774
	Change in net				\$	375,836
	Net Position, begi					3,023,165
	Net Position, endi	_			\$.	3,399,001

CENTRAL RAPPAHANNOCK REGIONAL LIBRARY COMBINED BALANCE SHEET – ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2019

Exhibit III

							J	Exhibit III
		<u>General</u>		Information Access Fund	G	Other Sovernmental <u>Funds</u>	Go	Total overnmental <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS								
Pooled cash and investments	\$	2,644,103	\$	2,489	\$	315,067	\$	2,961,659
Receivables		170,714		383		21,677		192,774
Prepaid expenses		<u>220,466</u>		12,950		324		233,740
Total Assets	\$	3,035,283	\$	15,822	\$	337,068	\$	3,388,173
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued expenditures	\$	413,718	\$	25,105	\$	8,159	\$	446,982
Deferred revenue	•	23,500						23,500
Total Liabilities	\$	437,218	\$	25,105	\$	<u>8,159</u>	\$	<u>470,482</u>
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable:	\$	220,466	\$	12,950	\$	324	\$	233,740
Prepaids Restricted:	Ψ	220,400	Ψ	12,750	Ψ		•	,
Law library						295,858		295,858
Committed						32,727		32,727
Assigned		235,899						235,899
Unassigned		<u>2,141,700</u>		(22,233)				2,119,467
Total Fund Balances	\$	2,598,065	\$	(9,283)	\$	328,909	\$	2,917,691
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	3,035,283	\$	15,822	\$	337,068	\$	3,388,173
Adjustments for Statement of Net Assets								
Total fund balances, above							\$	2,917,691
Capital assets used in governmental activities are no not reported in the funds	ot fina	ancial resource	s, an	d therefore, are				3,173,461
Compensated absences not reported as fund liabiliti	es							1,289,712
Net pension liability not reported as fund liabilities								1,051,251
Net OPEB liability not reported as fund liabilities								351,188
Net position of governmental activities							\$	<u>3,399,001</u>

See Notes to Financial Statements.

CENTRAL RAPPAHANNOCK REGIONAL LIBRARY

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2019

Exhibit IV

		<u>General</u>	_	nformation Access Fund	G	Other overnmental <u>Funds</u>	G	Total overnmental <u>Funds</u>
REVENUES Local governments Contributions Fines Investment income Other Intergovernmental	\$	11,822,935 269,428 46,849 9,390 657,955	\$	77,654 3,424 3,795	\$	8,000 662	\$	11,961,798 269,428 85,654 50,935 13,185 657,955
Total Revenues	\$	12,806,557	\$	84,873	\$.	147,525	\$	13,038,955
EXPENDITURES Current: Education, culture, and recreation Capital outlay	\$	12,140,382 664,624	\$	54,610 167,321	\$	99,328	\$	12,294,320 831,945
Total Expenditures	\$	12,805,006	\$	221,931	\$.	99,328	\$	13,126,265
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$	1,551	\$	(137,058)	\$	48,197	\$	(87,310)
Fund Balances, beginning Fund Balances, ending	\$	2,596,514 2,598,065	\$	<u>127,775</u> <u>(9,283</u>)	\$	280,712 328,909	\$	3,005,001 2,917,691
Adjustments for statement of activities								
Net change in fund balances Governmental funds report capital outlays as exactivities, the cost of those assets is depreciated	over 1	tures. Howeve their estimated	er, in uset	the statement	of		\$	(87,310) 50,025
Accrued leave reported in the statement of active financial resources and, therefore, are not report until paid	vities o ted as	loes not requir expenditures i	e the	use of curren e governmenta	t Il fur	nds		(87,614)
The change in the net pension liability and OPE does not require the use of current financial resignorermental funds until paid	EB liak ources	oility is determ and, therefore	ined e, is 1	by an actuaria	al va the	luation and		500,735
Change in net position of governmental activiti	es						\$	<u>375,836</u>

CENTRAL RAPPAHANNOCK REGIONAL LIBRARY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Library have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Library's accounting policies are described below.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liability at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

A. Reporting Identity

In evaluating how to define the Library, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GAAP. The basic, but not the only, criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. The other criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the Library is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, the Library has no component units.

R. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities (such as cash and accounts payable) but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and general obligation debt). Accrual accounting also reports all of the revenues and costs of providing services each year, not just those received or paid in the current year or soon thereafter.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The Library only has nonfiduciary governmental activities.

Statement of Net Position – The Statement of Net Position is designed to display the financial position of the primary government. Governments report all capital assets, in the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and report depreciation expense – the cost of "using up" capital assets – in the Statement of Activities. The net assets of a government will be broken down into three categories – 1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

Statement of Activities – The government-wide statement of activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

Page 2

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

C. Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the Library are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. GASB No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The nonmajor funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements.

The Library reports the following major governmental funds:

The general fund is the Library's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The information access fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for information systems.

Other governmental funds are comprised of the following:

Law fund is used to operate the Law Library. Library fund is used to purchase circulation materials. Vehicle fund is used to purchase replacement vehicles.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

D. Basis of Accounting and Financial Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Contributions and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are accounted for using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available. Fines are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of

Page 3

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

Federal, State and other grants for the purpose of specific funding are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific reimbursable expenditure. Revenues from general purpose grants are recognized during the period to which the grants apply.

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this rule include: (1) accumulated unpaid vacation leave, sick leave, and other employee amounts, which are recorded as compensated absences, and are recognized when paid, and (2) principal and interest payments on general long-term debt, both of which are recognized when paid.

E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund.

All budgets are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, the Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund presents actual expenditures in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States on a basis consistent with the adopted budgets as amended.

F. Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments

Cash resources of the individual funds are combined to form a pool of cash and investments to maximize interest earnings. Investments in the pool consist of repurchase agreements and obligations of the Federal Government and are recorded at fair value. Income from pooled investments is allocated only when contractually or legally required.

All investment earnings not legally or contractually required to be credited to individual accounts or funds are credited to the General Fund.

Investments for the government are reported at fair value. The Local Government's Investment Pool operated in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

Investments are also held in brokerage accounts with financial institutions. These investments are primarily held in certificates of deposit and sweep funds.

G. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in the government-wide statements.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Library as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Bulk purchases are considered for capitalization for groups of related assets purchased in bulk exceeding an aggregate of \$50,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Page 4

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

The Library has no infrastructure assets except for leasehold improvements.

Property and equipment of the government is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	<u>Years</u>
Collections	10
Vehicles	4-10
Furniture	5-20
Computer equipment	3-10
Leasehold improvements	5-20

I. Accrued Compensated Absences

The Library employees accrue compensated absences (paid time off) when vested. The cost of accrued leave is recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

J. Governmental Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of state or federal laws or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.

Committed – Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action by the Board of Trustees.

Assigned – Amounts that are designated by the Library Director for a particular purpose.

Unassigned - All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources (net assets), the Library's policy is to first apply the expense toward restricted resources and then toward unrestricted resources. In governmental funds, the Library's policy is to first apply the expenditure toward restricted fund balance and then to other, less-restrictive classifications – committed and then assigned fund balances before using unassigned fund balances.

K. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-Wide Statement of Activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds and changes in net assets of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains

Page 5

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this difference are as follows:

Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$ 831,945 (780,273)
Disposal loss	(1,647)
Total	\$ <u>50,025</u>

Non-current liabilities are reported in the government-wide financial statements for pension, OPEB and compensated leave liabilities. The expenses related to these liabilities are reported in the governmental funds in the combined statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance as an expense when paid. The total of these liabilities total \$2,692,151.

L. Contributed Facilities

The Library occupies without charge certain premises located in government-owned buildings. The estimated fair rental value of the premises is not available. Therefore, the estimated fair rental value has not been reported as revenue and expense in these financial statements.

M. Employee Benefit Summary

The Library provides the following employee benefit programs:

- Virginia Retirement System as described in Note 8.
- Other Post-Retirement Employee Benefits as described in Note 10.
- Health and dental insurance for full-time and part-time employees with some portion of employee cost sharing based upon plan selected and full-time/part-time status.
- Deferred compensation (457) plan; employee funded with limited employer match.
- Other Post-Employment Health Benefits as described in Note 9.

The Library provides various other employee benefits as described in the employee handbook including flexible spending accounts (FSA) as payroll deductions.

Note 2. Deposits and Investments

Deposits: All cash, including sweep accounts, of the Library is maintained in accounts collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act, Section 2.2-4400 et. Seq. of the Code of Virginia or covered by federal depository insurance.

Investments: Statutes authorize the Library to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) and various other "prime quality" investments at authorized institutions.

At year end, the Library's investment balances were as follows:

Page 6

Note 2. Deposits and Investments (Continued):

Investment Type	Fair Value
LGIP	\$ <u>1,097,342</u>

Interest Rate Risk. Through its investment policy, the Library manages its exposure to fair value losses arising from interest rate risk to limiting the maturities of investments. All of the portfolio is in investments maturing overnight.

Credit Risk. The primary investment objectives are safety, liquidity and return on investment. The Library limits investments in corporate bonds to AAA and higher. In addition, certificates of deposit are held in brokerage at various times during the year.

Note: Standard & Poor's has assigned an "AAAf/S1" rating to the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

Note 3. Changes in Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets follows:

	Balance <u>July 1, 2018</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>J</u>	Balance June 30, 2019
Building and leasehold improvements Capital assets, being depreciated:	\$ 43,500	\$ 23,412	\$ 	\$	66,912
Collections	8,377,924	576,882	1,155,911		7,798,895
Computers	584,918	167,321	208,040		544,199
Furniture	150,641		60,535		90,106
Vehicles	184,613	64,330			248,943
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	\$ 9,341,596	\$ 831,945	\$ 1,424,486	\$	8,749,055
Less accumulated depreciation for: Building and leasehold improvements Collections Computers Furniture Vehicles	\$ 5,397,269 546,313 114,630 159,948	\$ 1,115 717,673 30,601 10,881 20,003	\$ 1,155,911 208,040 58,888	\$	1,115 4,959,031 368,874 66,623 179,951
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 6,218,160	\$ 780,273	\$ 1,422,839	\$	<u>5,575,594</u>
Total Capital Assets, Net Governmental Activities	\$ _3,123,436	\$ 51,672	\$ 1,647	\$	3,173,461

Depreciation was charged to the education, culture and recreation function.

Page 7

Note 4. Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2019 consist of the following:

Central Friends	\$	28,443
Stafford Friends		64,027
Spotsylvania Friends		53,082
Fredericksburg Friends		18,825
Westmoreland Friends		871
Law Library Support		21,677
Other	-	5,849
Net Receivables	\$_	192,774

Note 5. Donated Services

No amounts have been reflected in the financial statements for donated services. The Library pays for most services required to operate the facility. However, many individuals volunteer their time and perform a variety of tasks that assist the Library with specific needs. During FY2019, the Library received 16,434 volunteer hours by approximately 777 volunteers.

Note 6. Facility Leases

Library Administration Center:

In April 2017, the lease for the Library Administration Center (LAC) with approximately 27,300 square feet, located at 125 Olde Greenwich Drive within the City of Fredericksburg commenced with an initial lease term of fifteen years ending March 31, 2032. The lease provides for three extension terms of five years each with rent to be negotiated at the time of the extension. The initial monthly lease charge was \$18,029.50 and beginning in year three of the lease increased to \$19,127.50 due to the scheduled annual three percent increase. The space functions for administrative offices and the warehouse. The total commitment over the fifteen-year lease term is \$4,023,949. The Library is not charged for additional common area maintenance during the term of the initial lease for this location.

Beginning in January 2018, the Library entered into a lease addendum for the LAC for additional space for Suites 150 and 155. The monthly rent for this space is currently \$4,402.13 and is scheduled to increase on July 1, 2019 to \$4,534.20. The additional space is subject to the same terms and conditions as the original lease which was effective July 1, 2017. The CAM charges for Suites 150 and 155 are \$353.37 per month and increases during the term of the lease. The CAM charges will increase on July 1, 2019 to \$363.97 per month. The total CAM charges scheduled for the initial fifteen-year term is \$74,512. The total base rent charges over the fifteen-year term is \$897,137.

The Landlord pays all real estate taxes and insurance on the demised premises and is also responsible for payment for water, sewer, trash, snow removal, landscaping and common area lighting.

The Friends of the Library agreed to provide funding for one-third of the cost of the lease addendum for Suites 150 and 155.

Page 8

Note 6. Facility Leases (Continued):

Idea Space - Making and Media:

The Library entered into a lease for a building located at 1616 Princess Anne Street in Fredericksburg on May 13, 2019. The purpose of the lease is to provide a makers lab scheduled to open Spring 2020. The initial lease term is three years with an initial annual lease of \$23,040. The rent increases each annual period by four percent of the preceding annual rent amount. The lease provides for one renewal period of two years. The initial year of the renewal period commences with an annual rent of \$25,916.87 with continued rent escalation of four percent each succeeding year. The Library is responsible for payment of utilities and insurance and is also responsible for payment of additional rent to cover charges for real estate taxes and other fees. A security deposit was paid in the amount of \$1,639.40. The total base rent charges for over the initial period of the lease will be \$71,921.65.

Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

2020	\$ 312,037
2021	321,630
2022	328,274
2023	315,669
2024	325,139
Thereafter	2,918,797
	\$ <u>4,521,546</u>

Rent expense was \$283,348 including CAM charges. The Friends of the Library provided the Library \$19,022 in funds for the LAC lease during FY19.

Note 7. Compensated Absences

The following is a summary of changes in compensated absences for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	Balance <u>July 1, 2018</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Balance June 30, 2019	Amount Due in One Year
Compensated Absences	\$ <u>1,202,098</u>	\$ <u>1,063,711</u>	\$ <u>976,097</u>	\$ <u>1,289,712</u>	\$ <u>947,670</u>

Note 8. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

A. Plan Description

VRS is a qualified governmental defined benefit retirement plan. For Governmental Accounting Standards Board purposes, it is considered an agent multiple-employer Public Employee Retirement System (PERS) with separate cost-sharing pools for each locality. All full-time, salaried, permanent employees of participating employers are eligible to become members of VRS.

VRS administers three benefit plans for local government employees – Plan 1 and Plan 2 (defined benefit plans) and a Hybrid Plan.

Page 9

Note 8. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued):

Plan Summary

Eligibility:

Plan 1 – Members hired prior to July 1, 2010, and who were vested as of January 1, 2013.

Plan 2 – Members hired on or after July 1, 2010 but prior to January 1, 2014 or members hired prior to July 1, 2010 and who were not vested as of January 1, 2013.

Hybrid - Members hired on or after January 1, 2014 or by member election.

Employee Contributions:

Defined Benefit – Active members in Plan 1 and Plan 2 contribute five percent of their creditable compensation per year. Active members in the Hybrid Plan contribute four percent of their creditable compensation per year.

Defined Contribution – Active members in the Hybrid Plan are required to contribute one percent of their creditable compensation per year to the defined contribution component of the Hybrid Plan. Active members can make voluntary contributions of up to four percent of their creditable compensation.

Service:

Employees receive credit of one month of service for each month a contribution is made on their behalf to VRS. A member may also purchase credit for certain periods, such as time spent in the military, by paying a purchase rate (five or fifteen percent of the largest of current creditable compensation or final average compensation times the number of years to be purchased). Special rules govern and limit the purchase of additional service.

Payment Options:

Payment options include survivor options, leveling option and partial lump sum option. Cost of living increases are based upon the Consumer Price Index.

Disability Retirement:

Plan 1 and Plan 2 members are eligible from the first day of employment with benefits reduced by Worker's Compensation, if any.

Hybrid members are covered by the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP). Under VLDP, these members receive a deferred benefit payable at normal retirement from the Plan. The deferred benefit is computed like a normal retirement benefit. If a member dies while disabled and before normal retirement, a death benefit will be determined as though the employee were an active member.

Page 10

Note 8. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued):

Normal Retirement Provisions:

Under the provision of Plan 1, a member is eligible to retire upon Normal Retirement on or after age 65 with credit for five years of service. Under the provision of Plan 2 and the Hybrid Plan, a member is eligible to retire upon Normal Retirement after reaching Social Security normal retirement age plus five years of service.

The annual benefit under Plan 1 is 1.70 percent of average final compensation (AFC) times years of service. The annual benefit under Plan 2 is 1.70 percent of AFC times years of service up to January 1, 2013 plus 1.65 percent of AFC times years of service from January 1, 2013. The annual benefit under the Hybrid Plan is one percent of AFC times years of service.

Benefits are paid as a monthly life annuity, with a guarantee that if the payments do not exceed the member's contributions plus interest, determined as of the date at retirement, the balance will be paid in a lump sum to the member's beneficiary.

Death Benefit:

Members are eligible for a death benefit if death occurred while an active or inactive, non-retired member. Qualifying survivor benefits are provided for work-related deaths.

Deferred Termination Benefit and Withdrawal (Refund) Benefit:

A member with at least five years of service who does not withdraw their contribution from the fund is eligible for a deferred termination benefit. All members leaving covered employment with less than five years of service are eligible to receive a lump sum payment of their employee contributions, plus the interest credited on these contributions. Interest is credited at four percent.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA):

Under the provision of Plan 1, retirees qualify for an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA) effective on July 1 of the second calendar year after retirement. Automatic cost of living increases, are calculated as the first three percent of the Consumer Price Index increase plus half of each percentage increase from three percent to seven percent. Cost of living increases for Plan 2 and Hybrid Plan retirees are calculated as the first two percent increase of the Consumer Price Index plus half of each percent from two percent to four percent with the maximum cost of living increase of three percent. For all Plans, the COLA is deferred for one full calendar year after the retiree reaches unreduced retirement age. The deferred COLA does not apply to employees within five years of eligibility for unreduced retirement as of January 1, 2013 and to retirees who retire with twenty or more years of service.

B. Funding Policy

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, to contribute a percentage of their compensation toward their retirement. The required contribution percentages are described above under the Plan Summary. The Library is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund its participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the <u>Code of Virginia</u> and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The Library's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 was 6.98 percent of the annual covered payroll.

Page 11

Note 8. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued):

C. Annual Pension Cost

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the Library's annual pension cost of \$329,858 for VRS was equal to the required and actual contributions.

Three-Year Trend Information for the Library

Fiscal Year <u>Ending</u>	Annual Pension <u>(APC)</u>	Percentage of APC Contributed
June 30, 2019	\$ 329,858	100%
June 30, 2018	\$ 355,711	100%
June 30, 2017	\$ 345,177	100%

D. Employer Contribution Rates

The FY 2019 employer contribution rate was set by the June 30, 2017 valuation and is effective for fiscal years ending 2019 and 2020. Rates for subsequent fiscal years will be determined by future actuarial valuations.

The recommended employer contribution rate consists of five parts:

Employer Normal Cost Rate – The ongoing annual cost of active employees accruing benefits under the Plan. This rate is net of the member contribution rate. The normal cost is developed using the entry age normal cost method, which develops normal costs for active members which stay level during their career if benefit provisions are unchanged and assumptions are realized.

Amortization Charge – The amortization of, or payment towards, the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) for the year. The UAAL is the amount by which the actuarial value of assets falls short of, or exceeds, the actuarial accrued liability for this plan. Under the funding arrangement adopted by the Board, the UAAL is being amortized as individual layered bases. The legacy unfunded actuarial accrued liability, the unfunded actuarial accrued liability as of June 30, 2013, is amortized over a closed 30-year period beginning June 30, 2013. The amortization period of the legacy unfunded will decrease by one in each subsequent valuation until reaching zero years. The actuarial gains and losses and other changes in the unfunded due to benefit and actuarial assumption and method changes for each valuation subsequent to the June 30, 2013 valuation will be amortized over a closed 20-year period.

Administration Expenses – An estimate of the administrative expenses to be paid out of the trust in the upcoming fiscal year.

Additional Funding Contribution – The additional contribution rate needed to allow for the use of the seven percent investment return as the single equivalent investment return assumption for purposes of the GASB 67/68 statements.

DC Contribution for Hybrid Members – One percent mandatory employer contribution as well as an estimate of the employer match to the voluntary contributions made to the DC plan by Hybrid Plan members.

Page 12

Note 8. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued):

E. Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

Effective with the June 30, 2017 valuation, the actuarial assumptions were revised to reflect the results of the experience study for the period 2012-2016. The next experience review is expected to be implemented with the June 30, 2021 annual valuation. The valuation assumes an annual cost-of-living adjustment of 2.50 percent for Plan 1 members and 2.25 percent for Plan 2 and Hybrid members. Salary increases range between 3.50 percent and 5.35 percent depending on the member's service and classification (i.e., members with general employee benefits or with enhanced hazardous duty coverage). Liabilities were determined under the Entry Normal actuarial cost method.

F. Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of June 30, 2018, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the Plan was 92.09 percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$19,171,058, and the actuarial value of assets was \$17,655,017, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$1,516,041. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the Plan) was \$4,394,373, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 34.50 percent.

Actuarial Valuation <u>Date</u>	Actuarial Value of <u>Assets</u>	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	Funded <u>Ratio</u>	Covered <u>Payroll</u>	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered <u>Payroll</u>
June 30, 2018	\$ 17,655,017	\$ 19,171,058	\$ 1,516,041	92.09%	\$ 4,394,373	34.50%
June 30, 2017	\$ 16,515,351	\$ 17,974,304	\$ 1,458,953	91.88%	\$ 4,237,399	34.43%
June 30, 2016	\$ 15,209,061	\$ 17,353,096	\$ 2,144,035	87.64%	\$ 4,036,095	53.12%

The recommended employer contribution rate as of the valuation date was 6.98 percent.

G. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68

GASB Statement No. 68 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014 and applies to both defined benefit and defined contribution plans. As required by GASBS No. 68, the net position balance was restated as of June 30, 2014 to record a pension liability in the amount of \$2,051,776. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, the net pension liability (NPL) has been reported as a long-term liability on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2019 in the amount of \$1,051,251. The liability has been computed as the difference between the total pension liability which is the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributed to past period of employee service measured per GASBS No. 68 guidelines and the pension plan's net position which is determined using the same valuation methods used by the pension plan to prepare its statement of fiduciary net position. The actuarial measurement date is as of June 30, 2018.

Page 13

Note 8. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued):

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

As of June 30, 2017, measurement date for the year ended June 30, 2018, the total pension liability was reported in the actuarial valuation in the amount of \$18,319,250 and the Plan fiduciary net position was reported as \$16,749,076, resulting in a net pension liability of \$1,570,174. As of June 30, 2018, measurement date for the year ended June 30, 2019, the total pension liability was reflected as \$18,850,853 with Plan fiduciary net position of \$17,799,602, resulting in a net pension liability of \$1,051,251. The change in the net pension liability from June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2018 measurement dates consisted of the following:

	 Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)			Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2017 – Measurement Date	\$ 18,319,250		16,749,076		1,570,174	
Changes for the year: Service Cost Interest	\$ 408,316 1,255,634	\$		\$	408,316 1,255,634	
Changes of assumptions Difference between expected and actual experience Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income	(369,092)		355,496 232,805 1,237,197		(369,092) (355,496) (232,805) (1,237,197)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense Other changes	(763,255)		(763,255) (10,612) (1,105)		10,612 1,105	
Net Changes	\$ 531,603	\$	1,050,526	\$	(518,923)	
Balances at June 30, 2018 – Measurement Date	\$ 18,850,853	\$	17,799,602	\$	1,051,251	

Pension Expense

The pension expense (benefit) totaling \$(149,622) for the period ending June 30, 2018, measurement date for the year ended June 30, 2019, per the actuarial computation includes service and administrative costs and interest on the pension liability reduced by member contributions, projected earnings on plan investments and adjustment for actual and projected plan earnings.

Summary of Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources

As of June 30, 2018, measurement date, the actuarial information reported differences between expected and actual experience of \$695,412. In addition, the net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments totaled \$153,108 and changes in assumptions totaled \$36,022. Deferred outflows net change difference is \$(44,080) and deferred inflows net change difference is \$928,622, resulting in a net deferred inflow of resources of \$884,542 to be amortized over a four-year period as follows:

Page 14

Note 8. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued):

2020 2021	\$	220,438 319,338
2022 2023	_	326,851 17,915
Total	\$	884,542

Membership as of the Valuation Date of June 30, 2017 Prepared as of June 30, 2018

As of the valuation date, the Plan had 134 participants of which 78 are active, 35 are receiving benefits and 21 are inactive participants.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability Changes in the Discount Rate

The Plan's assumed rate of return was calculated at seven percent which resulted in a net pension liability of \$1,051,251 as of the June 30, 2018 measurement date. Based upon a decrease of one percent of the discount rate to six percent, the net pension liability would be \$3,520,024 and an increase of one percent to the discount rate to eight percent would result in a net pension liability of \$(1,006,060). A discount rate of eight percent results in a surplus.

Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia. The system issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plans administered by VRS. A copy of the most recent report may be obtained from the VRS website at www.varetire.org or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Henrico, VA, 23218.

Note 9. Other Post-Employment Health Benefit

The Library has a post-employment health benefit for all full-time employees. The Library makes monthly contributions equal to one percent of each full-time employee's salary to the Plan administrator, Nationwide Retirement Solutions, Inc. After retirement from the Library or death of the employee, the employee or dependents has the right to be reimbursed for qualifying medical care expenses or health care premiums to the extent of contributions and investment income in the employee's account. There is no additional liability to the Library for this benefit.

In FY19, the Library funded post-employment health benefits for 86 eligible full-time employees in the amount of \$46,060.

Note 10. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

The Library participates in the Group Life Insurance Program (GLI) and the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). In accordance with GASB 75, the net OPEB liability is reported as a long-term liability on the statement of net position. Contributions made to the programs are held in trust.

Page 15

Note 10. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued):

The net position balance was restated to record a net OPEB liability in the amount of \$333,000. As of June 30, 2019, the net OPEB liability is composed of the following:

Group Life Insurance Program	\$ 348,246
Virginia Local Disability Program	
Total	\$ <u>351,188</u>

The Group Life Insurance Program collectively at the measurement date of June 30, 2018 was 51.22 percent funded. The Library's portion of the program liability and program net position is .02293 percent, resulting in a net OPEB liability of \$348,246.

The Virginia Local Disability Program collectively at the measurement date of June 30, 2018 was 51.38 percent funded. The Library's portion of the program liability and program net position is .38110 percent resulting in a net OPEB liability of \$2,942.

Group Life Insurance Program

The Group Life Insurance Program is administered by the Board of Trustees for the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). Premiums for active employees are paid to Minnesota Life. Minnesota Life pays life insurance proceeds to beneficiaries. Payments for post-employment benefits are made by Minnesota Life and reimbursed by the Trust. The VRS Board sets administrative policy and determines the allocation of the assets held for investment.

Eligible employees include all full-time, permanent employees.

Each active member is entitled to a death benefit from this plan equal to two times the member's annual rate of compensation, rounded up to the next higher multiple of \$1,000. This benefit is provided for by the purchase of a group term life insurance contract from an insurance company. Active members may also be covered by Accidental Death and Dismemberment insurance and elect additional amounts of insurance. These elected benefits are excluded from the valuation of the OPEB liability.

Service retirees will be entitled to a death benefit from the plan based upon the amount in effect before termination or retirement with a reduction of the death benefit no less than 25 percent of the amount in effect at the date of termination or retirement. Members who retire with at least 30 years of service have additional computations to derive the benefit. Disabled members, including those receiving disability benefits from VSDP or VLDP are entitled to a death benefit from this plan. The post-employment death benefit is paid for by an addition to the contribution required to provide the active member benefit. The active member portion of the contribution is used to purchase group term life insurance from an insurance company and the post-employment portion of the contribution is held in a trust until required to pay benefits. The post-employment contribution is actuarially determined by the valuation.

Page 16

Note 10. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued):

Virginia Local Disability Program

The VLDP provides disability benefits for VRS Hybrid Plan members that elect to participate. Long-term disability benefits (LTD) provide income replacement for members who become disabled and are unable to work for an extended period of time. While on long-term disability, members continue to accrue service as a VRS-covered member. Members participating in the Hybrid Plan may be eligible to receive a one percent employer contribution to their defined contribution account. To be eligible for the one percent mandatory employer contribution, a Hybrid Plan member must be permanently and totally disabled as defined by the Social Security definition of disability. A member is required to retire who is on LTD and has obtained normal retirement age. Members approved for supplemental disability benefits on or after age 60 will be eligible to receive VLDP LTD benefits, provided the member remains medically eligible. These benefits have specified benefit periods. Members who are able to work at least 20 hours a week are eligible to receive LTD benefits provided the member is unable to perform full duties or work a regular schedule. The benefit is adjusted by income or wages earned.

LTD benefits provide members with an income replacement of 60 percent of a member's pre-disability income, or 80 percent for a catastrophic condition. LTD recipients are eligible for benefits under the Group Life Insurance Program (GLI). The liability associated with GLI for LTD recipients is not included as a VLDP liability since that liability is considered under the GLI program.

The LTC benefit has a lifetime maximum benefit of \$70,080 based upon a two-year maximum coverage period. At VRS' discretion, the \$96 daily benefit amount (DBA) may be increased for inflation every five years in the amount of five percent compounded annually since the previous increase. Inflation increases are not assumed to be prefunded.

Upon termination of employment, a member has the option to port the amount of coverage current for the actively employed group by paying a premium based upon the member's age and entry into VLDP.

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

The assumptions and methods used in the valuations were based on the actuarial experience study prepared as of June 30, 2016 and adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees.

Assumptions and Methods which apply to all OPEB Plans

Investment Return Rate: 7.00 percent per annum, compounded annually, net of investment

expenses.

Inflation Assumption: 2.50 percent per year.

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry age normal cost method, allocated as a level percent of

payroll, from first funding age to last age before terminal retirement age. Actuarial gains and losses, as they occur, are

reflected in the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Page 17

Note 10. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued):

Funding Period:

The amortization period of the legacy UAAL began at 30 years on June 30, 2013 and this amortization period is to decrease by one year on each subsequent valuation date until the legacy UAAL is fully amortized (amortization period of zero years). With each subsequent valuation, a new amortization base will be used to amortize that portion of the UAAL not covered by the current balances of the previously established amortization bases. Here, each valuation's newly allocated share of the UAAL will be amortized over a closed 20-year period.

The amortization payment includes an adjustment of 1.019233 to account for the passage of time from the valuation date to the date the contribution is made.

Payroll Grown Rate:

3.00 percent per annum.

Administrative Expenses:

The employer contribution rates include a rate for anticipated non-investment expenses based on actual prior year experience.

TOL:

The actuarial assumptions used to determine the TOL as of June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012-June 30, 2016.

Periods of Projected Benefits:

Projected future benefit payments for all current system members were projected through 2025.

Assumed Asset Allocation:

Asset allocation based upon the four-year period ending June 30, 2016 reflects public equity at 40 percent and four other investment categories at 15 percent each with long-term expected rate of return ranging .69 percent to 9.53 percent.

There have been no changes to the actuarial assumptions from the prior measurement date of June 30, 2017. There have been no significant changes to the benefit plan structure.

Assumptions and Methods Applicable to the Group Life Insurance Program

Asset Valuation Method:

For the purposes of GASB 75, the value of assets is equal to the market value of assets.

To calculate the actuarially determined contributions, the method of valuing assets is intended to recognize a "smoothed" market value of assets. Under this method, the difference between actual return on market value from investment experience and the expected return on market value is recognized over a five-year period. The resulting actuarial value of asset value cannot be less than 80 percent or more than 120 percent of the market value of assets.

Page 18

Note 10. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued):

Minimum Benefit:

Beginning with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016, in no event will the death benefit be less than \$8,000 for members who retire with at least 30 years of creditable service. Between June 30, 2016 and the current valuation date, this minimum is indexed at the same rate as the post-retirement supplement for retirees hired on or after July 1, 2010. Beginning on the valuation date, this minimum is assumed to increase annually, effective July 1, by 2.25 percent (the same assumed annual increase percentage for any annual post-retirement supplement for retirees, as calculated for employees hired on or after July 1, 2010).

"Life Insurance Only" Retirees:

Results include an estimate of retiree liability for those groups not providing retiree census data. A liability equaling ten percent of the active employee liability times the average retiree to active liability ratio is assumed.

<u>Assumptions and Methods Applicable to the Virginia Local Disability Program</u> <u>Long-Term Disability Benefits and Long-Term Care Benefits</u>

Asset Valuation Method:

The method of valuing assets is intended to recognize a "smoothed" market value of assets. Under this method, the difference between actual return on market value from investment experience and the expected return on market value is recognized over a five-year period. The resulting actuarial value of asset value cannot be less than 80 percent or more than 120 percent of the market value of assets.

Health Insurance Credit and Group Life Insurance Benefits:

Health Insurance Credit (if applicable) and Group Life Insurance benefits provided under VLDP are valued under the respective plans.

Disability:

Applicable members covered under the Hybrid Plan are eligible from the first day of employment for work-related VLDP disability benefits, but must have a minimum of one year of service to be eligible for non-work related VLDP disability benefits.

Group Life Insurance Program - Summary of Collective Amounts

The schedule reports the collective amounts of all employers participating in the program. The Library's portion is derived by comparing the Library's program contributions totaling \$21,171 total required contribution, to total contributions to the program to arrive at the Library's calculated percentage of .02293 percent. Of the collective net OPEB liability, the Library's portion is \$348,246 for the reporting date of June 30, 2019.

Page 19

Note 10. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued):

The schedule also reports the changes in the net OPEB liability including investment income, contributions, benefit payments, expenses and other adjustments.

Covered payroll for Plan 1; Plan 2; and VRS Hybrid Plans totaled \$4,394,373 for the actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2018.

The measurement date is June 30, 2018.

GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PROGRAM (\$ in Thousands)

			P	ibrary's Portion <u>)2293%</u>		
Valuation Date (VD):		July 1, 2017				
Prior Measurement Date:		June 30, 2017				
Measurement Date (MD):		June 30, 2018				
Reporting Date (RD):		June 30, 2019				
Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR):						
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return		7.00%				
Municipal Bond Index Rate at Prior Measurement Date		3.56%				
Municipal Bond Index Rate at Measurement Date						
Year in which Fiduciary Net Position is Projected to be Depleted	which Fiduciary Net Position is Projected to be Depleted N/A					
Single Equivalent Interest Rate at Prior Measurement Date		7.00%				
Single Equivalent Interest Rate at Measurement Date		7.00%				
Net OPEB Liability:						
Total OPEB Liability (TOL)	\$	3,113,508	\$	714		
Fiduciary Net Position (FNP)		1,594,773		366		
Net OPEB Liability (NOL = TOL - FNP)	\$	1,518,735	\$	348		
FNP as a percentage of TOL		51.22%				
OPEB Expense (OE)	\$	10,610	\$	2		
Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$	74,251	\$	17		
Deferred Inflow of Resources	\$	139,924	\$	32		

Page 20

Note 10. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PROGRAM (\$ in Thousands)

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability Group Life Insurance Program		otal OPEB Liability (a)	an Fiduciary et Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability (a) - (b)]	Library's Portion
Balances at June 30, 2017	\$	2,942,426	\$ 1,437,586	\$ 1,504,840	\$	332
Changes for the year:						
Service Cost		84,355		84,355		
Interest		198,960		198,960		
Benefit Changes						
Difference between expected and actual experience		88,052		88,052		
Changes in assumptions		33,000		,		
Contributions - employer			98,530	(98,530)		
Contributions - employee			150,402	(150,402)		
Net investment income			110,917	(110,917)		
Benefit payments		(200,285)	(200,285)	, , ,		
Administrative expense		, , ,	(664)	664		
Other changes	_		 (1,713)	 1,713	_	
Net Changes	\$	171,082	\$ 157,187	\$ 13,895	\$	16
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	3,113,508	\$ 1,594,773	\$ 1,518,735	\$	348

TOL Roll Forward Group Life Insurance Program	 Actual]	Expected	Library's Portion
(a) TOL as of June 30, 2017	\$ 3,024,718	\$	2,942,426	
(b) Entry Age normal Cost for period June 30, 2017 – June 30, 2018	\$ 78,836	\$	78,836	
(c) Actual Benefit Payments	\$ 200,285	\$	200,285	
(d) TOL as of June 30, 2018	\$ 3,113,508	\$	3,025,456	
(e) Changes in Assumptions				
(f) Difference between expected and actual experience			88,052	20

Funding status and progress noted at 51.22 percent funded for GL Program.

Page 21

Note 10. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued):

Virginia Local Disability Program - Summary of Collective Amounts

The schedule reports the collective amounts of all employers participating in the program. The Library's portion is derived by comparing the Library's program contributions totaling \$5,552, total required contribution, to total contributions to the program to arrive at the Library's calculated percentage of .38110 percent. Of the collective net OPEB liability, the Library's portion is \$2,942 for the reporting date of June 30, 2019.

The schedule also reports the changes in net OPEB liability including investment income, contributions, benefit payments, expense and other adjustments. Covered payroll for the VRS Hybrid plan and VLDP totaled \$925,342 for the actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2018.

The measurement date is June 30, 2018.

VIRGINIA LOCAL DISABILITY PROGRAM POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS (\$ in Thousands)

				Library's Portion 38110%
Valuation Date (VD)		July 1, 2017		
Prior Measurement Date:		June 30, 2017		
Measurement Date (MD):		June 30, 2018		
Reporting Date (RD):		June 30, 2019		
Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR): Long-Term Expected Rate of Return Municipal Bond Index Rate at Prior Measurement Date Municipal Bond Index Rate at Measurement Date Year in which Fiduciary Net Position is Projected to be Depleted Single Equivalent Interest Rate at Prior Measurement Date Single Equivalent Interest Rate at Measurement Date		7.00% 3.56% 3.89% N/A 7.00% 7.00%		
Net OPEB Liability: Total OPEB Liability (TOL) Fiduciary Net Position (FNP) Net OPEB Liability (NOL = TOL – FNP) FNP as a percentage of TOL	\$ \$	1,588 <u>816</u> 772 51.39%	\$ \$	6 3 3
OPEB Expense (OE)	\$	1,739	\$	7
Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$	11		Less than
Deferred Inflow of Resources	\$	167		\$1,000

Page 22

Note 10. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued):

VIRGINIA LOCAL DISABILITY PROGRAM – POLITIAL SUBDIVISIONS (\$ in Thousands)

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability Virginia Local Disability Program Political Subdivisions	rogram Liability Net Po		Fiduciary Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability (a) - (b)		Library's Portion		
Delance at Ivon 20 2047	\$	91	\$	251	\$	562	\$	2
Balances at June 30, 2017		4		351		563		
Changes for the year:								
Service Cost		876				876		
Interest		58				58		
Benefit Changes								
Difference between expected and actual								
experience		(95)				(95)		
Changes in assumptions								
Contributions - employer				1,463		(1,463)		
Contributions - employee								
Net investment income				36		(36)		
Benefit payments		(165)		(165)				
Administrative expense				(1,096)		1,096		
Other changes				227		(227)		************
Net Changes	\$	674	\$	465	\$	209	\$	1
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	1,588	\$	816	\$	772	\$	3

TOL Roll Forward Virginia Local Disability Program Political Subdivisions	 Actual		pected	Library's Portion
(a) TOL as of June 30, 2017	\$ 825	\$	914	
(b) Entry Age normal Cost for period June 30, 2017 – June 30, 2018	\$ 819	\$	819	
(c) Actual Benefit Payments	\$ 165	\$	165	
(d) TOL as of June 30, 2018	\$ 1,588	\$	1,683	
(e)Changes in Assumptions				
(f) Difference between expected and actual experience			(95)	Less than \$ 1,000

Funding status and progress noted at 51.38 percent funded for VLD program.

Page 23

Note 10. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued):

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability Changes in the Discount Rate

The OPEB assumed rate of return was calculated at seven percent which resulted in a net OPEB liability of \$351,188 as of the June 30, 2018 measurement date. The information provided below indicates the collective program liabilities and the Library's allocated share at the discount rate ranges six through eight percent. A discount rate of six percent results in a net OPEB liability of \$459,000; a rate of seven percent results in a net OPEB liability of \$351,000 and at eight percent the liability is \$264,000.

	_	Total <u>Program</u>		brary's ortion thousands)	Discount Rate	
Group Life Program:						
Net OPEB liability	\$	1,984,793	\$	445	6%	
•	\$	1,518,735	\$	348	7%	
	\$	1,140,332	\$	261	8%	
VLDP Program:						
Net OPEB liability	\$	910	\$	4	6%	
·	\$	772	\$	3	7%	
	\$	654	\$	3	8%	

Deferred Inflows, Outflows and OPEB Expense

Deferred inflows and outflows result primarily from changes in assumptions and changes between expected and actual experience. These amounts are amortized in future periods.

	Library's Portion	
	<u>(\$ in th</u>	iousands)
Group Life Program:		
Total Deferred Inflows	\$	41
Total Deferred Outflows	\$	29
Total Employee OPEB Expense	\$	2
Deferred Amounts to be Recognized in Future Years	\$	(12)
VLDP Program:		
Total Deferred Inflows	\$	
Total Deferred Outflows	\$	
Total Employee OPEB Expense	\$	1
Deferred Amounts to be Recognized in Future Years	\$	(1)

Page 24

Note 11. Long-Term Obligations

The Library's long-term obligations as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Compensated absences	\$ 1,289,712
Net pension liability	1,051,251
Net OPEB liability	<u>351,188</u>
Total	\$ <u>2,692,151</u>
Amount of compensated absences estimated due within one year:	\$ <u>947,670</u>

Note 12. Net Position

The government-wide statement of activities reports the net position as follows:

Net position, beginning of fiscal year GASB-75 OPEB liability recognition	\$ 3,356,165 (333,000)
Total	\$ 3,023,165
GASB-68 change in pension liability	518,923
GASB-75 change in OPEB liability	(18,188)
Net change in capital assets	50,025
Net change in compensated absences	(87,614)
Net change in governmental funds balance	(87,310)
Net position, end of fiscal year	\$ <u>3,399,001</u>

Note 13. Risk Management

The Library is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Library has obtained coverage from commercial insurance companies to cover all significant losses. For insured programs, there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage for the current year of the three prior years.

The Library's worker's compensation coverage is under a retrospectively rated policy where the initial premium may be adjusted based upon actual experience during the period of coverage. The Library's management believes the risk of material claims is unlikely.

Note 14. Parking Lot Project

In February 2018, the Library agreed to convey by Deed of Gift the property at 1208 Sophia Street to the City of Fredericksburg for the purpose of parking lot expansion to benefit the Library. The City had ownership of two parcels involved in the expansion project and accepted the Deed of Gift of 1208 Sophia Street to combine the three parcels for the parking lot project. The Library's original cost in the amount of \$230,000 for the property located at 1208 Sophia Street was removed from the books and records of the Library. The project has been completed by the City resulting in expansion of parking for the Library.

Page 25

Note 15. Library Projects and Expansion

Fredericksburg Branch Renovation

The third floor of the Fredericksburg branch is undergoing renovation to transform the former administrative area to a public use area. The projected cost is estimated at approximately \$230,000 and is being funded primarily by donations. The fund balance as presented on the combined balance sheet, Exhibit III, in the amount of \$198,187 has been assigned to provide funding for this and other projects. The project is expected to be completed during FY20.

Library-On-The-Go

The Library has received funding for the purchase of vehicles to be used for an outreach initiative targeted toward young children. The vehicles will be used to bring interactive games and library materials to community centers and remote locations for children who are unable to visit the Library branches on a regular basis. Two vans were purchased in FY19 and retro-fitting was completed in FY20.

Spotsylvania Towne Centre Branch

In August 2018, the Library opened a branch at the Spotsylvania Towne Centre mall location in Spotsylvania. Spotsylvania County entered into the lease to provide the space for the new branch and is funding the utilities and maintenance costs. The lease is for a five-year term with free rent to the Library.

Barbara J. Fried Center - Joint Use Branch

The Barbara J. Fried Center, a joint use branch located in Stafford County, was opened on August 20, 2018 in partnership with Germanna Community College. Stafford County also assisted in providing support for the joint use branch. The branch provides a small collection, hold pickup service, Chromebooks and classes.

Other Projects and Assignment of Fund Balance

The amount of \$37,712 has been included on the balance sheet, Exhibit III, as part of the assigned fund balance. The assignment is for various projects including the Idea Space, robot project and vehicle refitting.

16. Subsequent Events

Idea Space - Making and Media

The Library entered into a lease for space to open a makers lab located at 1616 Princess Anne Street, in the Canal Quarter Creative Maker District in downtown Fredericksburg. The facility is expected to open in Spring 2020 and will include a digital media lab, drawing tablets, 3D printers and various technology available to borrow. The Library is receiving support for this project from the Fredericksburg Economic Development Authority, the Community Foundation of the Rappahannock River Region, and the Fredericksburg Cable Commission.

The makers lab will have onsite "Pepper" a humanoid robot. The robot will also visit the Mobile MakerLab sessions in Winter 2020. The Library obtained support for the robot from donations and local educational institutions.

The Library's management has evaluated subsequent events through January 30, 2020, the date which the financial statements were available for issue.

CENTRAL RAPPAHANNOCK REGIONAL LIBRARY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

In accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, the following information is a required part of the general-purpose statements.

CENTRAL RAPPAHANNOCK REGIONAL LIBRARY

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND

June 30, 2019

Exhibit V

	Budget Actual			Variance with <u>Budget</u>		
REVENUES:						
Local governments	\$ 11,855,216	\$	11,822,935	\$	(32,281)	
Contributions			269,428		269,428	
Investment income			46,849		46,849	
Other			9,390		9,390	
Intergovernmental	<u>657,955</u>		657,955			
Total Revenues	\$ 12,513,171	\$	12,806,557	\$	293,386	
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Personnel	\$ 10,250,742	\$	10,067,822	\$	182,920	
Professional and temporary services	78,000		64,990		13,010	
Repairs and maintenance	53,800		31,616		22,184	
Insurance	35,250		20,425		14,825	
Publicity/programs	74,000		112,288		(38,288)	
Training	30,000		63,860		(33,860)	
Dues	15,000		13,728		1,272	
Vehicle expenses	20,000		38,924		(18,924)	
Utilities	30,000		28,303		1,697	
Supplies	251,627		285,888		(34,261)	
Library service center	280,000		332,514		(52,514)	
Miscellaneous	5,000		11,764		(6,764)	
Computer services	367,832		520,992		(153,160)	
Capital outlay:						
Collection	914,920		989,832		(74,912)	
Furniture and equipment	67,000		123,984		(56,984)	
Building and grounds			58,076		(58,076)	
Berkley Satellite Library	40,000		40,000			
Total Expenditures	\$ 12,513,171	\$	12,805,006	\$	(291,835)	
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$	\$	1,551	\$	1,551	
Fund Balance, beginning	\$ -	\$	2,596,514	\$	2,596,514	
Fund Balance, ending	\$ _	\$	2,598,065	\$	2,598,065	

Capital outlay includes expenditures not capitalized and not reflected in the Statement of Net Position based upon the Library's capitalization policies.

CENTRAL RAPPAHANNOCK REGIONAL LIBRARY

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE UNDER GOVERNMENTAL AUDITING STANDARDS

Robert T. Bishop, CPA Elaine F. Farmer, CPA

Harry B. F. Franklin, Jr., CPA Harry D. Dickinson, Ph.D., CPA



Members
American Institute of
Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Members of the Board of Trustees Central Rappahannock Regional Library Fredericksburg, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Central Rappahannock Regional Library, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Central Rappahannock Regional Library's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 30, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Central Rappahannock Regional Library's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Central Rappahannock Regional Library's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion of the effectiveness of the Central Rappahannock Regional Library's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses, or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that we have not identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Central Rappahannock Regional Library's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing on internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Certified Public Accountants

Fredericksburg, Virginia January 30, 2020